

ROUTED FEDERAL ARMY MAKES WAY TO BORDER; SURRENDERS TO UNITED STATES TROOPS

MARFA, Texas, January 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—For the first time in the history of the United States its army is now being called upon to feed, clothe and shelter an entire division of a foreign army. Thirty-three hundred Mexican Federals, including 1067 women, and three hundred children, ragged, footsore, hungry and weakened almost to the point of exhaustion, reached here yesterday, after being allowed to cross the border and place themselves in the custody of the United States troops.

For three days they had marched across the parched and desolate country between here and Ojinaga. They had covered sixty-seven miles in all. The march to the American border started soon after the disastrous rout of the Federal troops at Ojinaga by the rebels, led by General Villa. The victorious Constitutionalists were under orders to spare none and to remain in the city until such time as they acted as its defenders or aided in any way in the Federal cause.

Three hundred American cavalrymen met the refugees here. Temporary arrangements were made for food and shelter for them last night and today they will be transferred to the United States barracks at Fort Bliss, overlooking El Paso. There they will be kept, possibly until peace is restored in Mexico or at least until such time as arrangements can be made for their safe return to Mexico.

The Federal troops comprise what is the remnants of the entire army division, which under General Mercado, was looked upon by Huerta as strong enough to successfully hold Ojinaga against any rebel attack.

There were pitiful scenes as the famished and half-naked refugees reached here yesterday. Many of the soldiers were footsore in addition to being weak from hunger and the effects of the terrible strain they were under from the time the main attack began by the rebels on New Year's morning.

Many were at once given medical aid. It is believed that many dropped out of the ranks during the three-day march from Ojinaga.

The women of the party are credited with having showed the most fortitude throughout the ordeal. They proved the better marchers. Once while the routed army was resting on the plains at night, guards posted to prevent a surprise by the rebels who were believed to be in pursuit, a baby was born in the camp. Mother and child were carried along with the retreating army, reaching here safely with the refugees yesterday.

Every care is being taken of the refugees here and preparations are already under way at Fort Bliss to provide accommodations for them when they reach that post.

The weapons and the small amount of ammunition which the Federals had on reaching here were turned over to the American troops.

General Mercado, the Federal general who ordered the evacuation of Ojinaga, is being strongly censured by the Huertista administration. It is announced that he will be court-martialed and probably executed in the event of his return to Mexico. General Mercado was formerly chief of military affairs under Huerta and was looked upon as one of the most trusted lieutenants of the Dictator.

Though Volcanoes Subside, Horror at Kagoshima Becoming Greater in Extent.

TOKIO, January 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Advises received here from those engaged in rescue work at Kagoshima yesterday announced that the activity of the volcanoes is subsiding. Food, medical, supplies, clothing and coffins are being rushed to the scene of the terrible calamity and volunteers are offering their services to aid the army and navy in the work of caring for the dead and injured.

At this time it is impossible to furnish even an estimate of the number of dead.

There is great suffering among the survivors and it has been found impossible to shelter the thousands who have lost their homes as a result of the devastation caused by the lava flows and ashes in which Kagoshima and the surrounding country now lie buried.

TOKIO, January 18.—(Special Cable to the Hawaiian Ship)—Nine villages on Sakurazaki have suffered terribly as a result of the eruption of Ontake. More than one thousand homes are known to have been destroyed in these nine villages. It is deemed impossible at this time to estimate the number of persons who have lost their lives. The eruption of Ontake continues.

CAPETOWN, South Africa, January 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—The great railway strike of the employees of the South African State Railway was practically ended last night with the decision of the operating force which tied up the railway system to resume work. The miners' strike, it is believed, is also nearing an end.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGES URGING TRUST REFORMS WILL BE READ TOMORROW

WASHINGTON, January 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—For the past two days President Wilson has been engaged in finishing his messages to congress. It is believed that they will be completed today. It is the intention of the President to read the messages to congress tomorrow. It is understood that they deal at length with the trust situation and contain a number of suggestions for reforms and the more strict regulations of trusts.

Jack Wyllif Has Two Ribs and Collarbone Fractured in Contest at Schofield Barracks.

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS, January 18.—Jack Wyllif, a member of Company I, First Infantry, was removed to the Post Hospital this evening, coughing blood and suffering considerably, and is believed to have two ribs and his collar bone broken as a result of injuries sustained in a football game here today.

Private Wyllif was playing with the Field Musicians' team in a game with Company C of the First Infantry this morning. The accident occurred in the third quarter of the game. Wyllif had played over half the game in a most creditable manner. In the last half the heavier players of the Company team began to bear down the Musicians' line with straight line plunges and Wyllif went down and was at the bottom of a scrimmage. When the players were disentangled it was found that he had been knocked out, and players and spectators applied the usual restorative measures.

When he regained consciousness, Wyllif was unable to resume. A hasty examination made on the ground by Lieutenant Ladd, who was acting as one of the officials of the meet, disclosed the probable extent of his injuries, and the unlucky player was removed from the field and sent into his company quarters.

When his condition became worse during the day, he was removed to the post hospital for surgical attention. Internal injuries were feared. The Field Musicians' team took a hard pounding toward the latter part of the game and the injury to the player was regarded as one of those accidents unavoidable in a close, hard game.

Shotgun Accidentally Discharged on Leliehu Plains and Hunter Is Victim.

(From Monday Advertiser.) When attempting to place a shotgun inside of an automobile on which he was riding yesterday afternoon, the weapon was discharged and Henry Aki was shot in the head. The accident happened on the road to Leliehu. The injured man was rushed to the post hospital at Schofield Barracks where he was given immediate medical attention. It was reported late last night from Leliehu that Aki is probably fatally injured.

Aki, William B. Perry and others organized a hunting party yesterday and left early in the morning for Leliehu in two automobiles.

According to Perry the party arrived on the plains of Leliehu at four-thirty o'clock and started to hunt for small game. Aki, it is claimed, left the automobile in which he was riding and came back to the larger car in which were Perry and his party. Aki rode on the running board and it is thought that in trying to place his gun inside the machine the hammer caught on the side of the car and the shell was discharged. A portion of the charge struck Aki on the left side of the head.

The wounded man is in the employ of the Hawaii Express Company as a driver on one of its motor trucks.

ADMIRAL COWLES REASSURES MEXICANS

CULIACAN, Mexico, December 24.—After being entertained at a banquet and ball, Admiral Cowles, commanding the United States Pacific fleet; Capt. W. W. Gilmer of the cruiser Pittsburgh, and five other American naval officers left today for the coast.

Felipe Yveras, Constitutionist Governor of Sonora; General Ibarra, insurgent commander of the State, and other Mexican officers and officials probably will accept the admiral's invitation to visit the American ships today.

At the banquet Admiral Cowles spoke in answer to an address by Col. Eduardo Hay, chief of staff to General Ibarra. Admiral Cowles declared that his mission was to bring peace to the United States, and never had existed to any extent. He said that the United States wanted Mexico to settle her own difficulties. The admiral also expressed good feeling toward the Mexican people.

The speech was applauded vigorously.

As far as was made known Admiral Cowles' visit here was of a purely social nature.

TO SUCCEED RAMPOLLA.

ROME, January 3.—Pope Pius has appointed Cardinal Ferrata secretary of the Congregation of the Holy Office and Cardinal Biletti grand prior of the Order of the Knights of Malta. Both these offices were held by the late Rampolla.

A rumor that Cardinal O'Connell of Boston is to be made Arch-Priest of St. Peter's, lacks confirmation. Cardinals Elliott and Lagari were appointed members of the Congregation of the Holy Office.

LAWYERS TAKE ISSUE WITH GOVERNOR

Hawaiian Bar Association at Live Meeting Votes to Endorse Justice De Bolt and Judges Henry E. Cooper and William J. Robinson for Reappointment on Territorial Bench and Circuit Bench.

(From Saturday Advertiser.)

The Hawaiian Bar Association, at its called meeting yesterday afternoon, voted by an overwhelming majority to recommend the reappointment of Justice John T. De Bolt and Judges Henry E. Cooper and William J. Robinson to the positions which they now hold. The resolution concerning the reappointment of Justice De Bolt was as follows:

"Whereas, the Hawaiian Bar Association recognizes and appreciates the high moral character, legal ability and integrity of Judge Arthur A. Wilder and E. M. Watson, yet in view of the sterling ability and faithful service of Justice De Bolt the Hawaiian Bar Association recommends his reappointment as associate justice of the supreme court of the Territory of Hawaii."

Attorney Davis Presides.

The meeting was called to order at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, with George A. Davis, a member of the executive committee, in the chair. Secretary E. W. Sutton read the call and stated in explanation that President C. R. Hemmaway had appointed a committee on nominations for the bench, consisting of Judge A. A. Wilder, E. C. Peters and E. W. Sutton. This committee called on Governor L. E. Pinkham on January 2 and informed him that the Bar Association had, at its regular meeting in December, 1912, unanimously endorsed the appointment of Judge William S. Edging and the reappointment of Justice Antonio Perry and Judge William L. Whitney. Judge Charles F. Farman and Judge John A. Mathewman. Governor Pinkham informed the committee that he had undertaken to give immediate consideration to the matter of appointments to all vacancies in the Hawaiian bench, and that he would give due consideration to the committee's report.

On motion the report of the committee was accepted, ordered placed on file and the committee discharged, with the thanks of the bar association. The association then voted unanimously to endorse the recommendation for the appointment of Judge William J. Robinson to succeed himself as third judge of the first judicial circuit.

Praise for Judge De Bolt.

David L. Withington then delivered an extended and able appreciation of the services rendered the public and the bar by Judge De Bolt. He dwelt at length upon his faithful efficiency in service for the cause of justice in this Territory, and introduced the resolution as above. William B. Castle seconded the resolution.

William B. Smith said that he believed that competence in public service should be recognized; that it was in the interest of good government that officials who have shown consistent efficiency should receive recognition of their service to the community. He said that he was sorry that the Governor had recommended the appointment of Messrs. Watson and Wilder. Judge Wilder, he said, was one of the best justices who had ever served on the supreme bench of this Territory. Nevertheless it was not in the interest of public justice that the faithful and everlastingly efficient of Judge De Bolt should pass unrecognized and that either of those whom Governor Pinkham had recommended should be appointed in his stead.

Judge W. R. Lymer entered a defense of his partner, and stated that if the resolution was passed in the form in which Withington had presented it, it might be interpreted as somewhat of a slur upon the fitness of either of these gentlemen for judicial appointment.

Judge W. L. Stanley supported W. O. Smith's view.

Withington said that the resolution was not intended to express the sentiment of the bar association, and that the bar association ought to make its recommendations direct to the Governor, and not to the Governor.

Judge George A. Davis said that recommendations as to judicial appointments on the territorial bench are a prerogative of the bar, and that the Governor has nothing to do with it; that he has no more say about judicial appointments than any other citizen.

R. P. Quarles then arose and asked to be excused from an expression of opinion or participation in the vote as he had entered an application in Washington for appointment to the Hawaiian bench. M. F. Prosser, T. A. Douthitt and E. W. Sutton expressed appreciation of Judge De Bolt's services. They were in favor of his reappointment. Douthitt said he was strongly opposed to the suggestion offered by Judge Lymer that the association recommend a second and third choice as well as a first choice. The association, in his opinion, stood for De Bolt and there was no alternative to be considered.

Atkinson Opposes Antagonism.

A. L. C. Atkinson deprecated any action by the bar association that might be interpreted as antagonistic to the Governor and the administration. The President, he said, would appoint

Radio Stations to be Built on Pacific by Government; Hawaii to Have One

WASHINGTON, January 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—A board of naval officers is to meet here this week for the purpose of selecting a site for the erection of a high power radio station near San Diego, California. The proposed site is at Cholla Heights, a high promontory in the suburbs of San Diego and overlooking the ocean. The proposed plant will be one of the most powerful in the world. It will be one of a chain which the United States government proposes establishing, connecting the Pacific Coast with Hawaii, the Panama Canal and points on the Atlantic seaboard.

whenever he pleased and would probably act as "Punch" in the end.

The question was then called and the resolution was adopted unanimously. Lorrin Andrews then moved a resolution endorsing Judge Henry E. Cooper to succeed himself. He said:

Andrews Nominates Cooper.

"It gives me great pleasure to nominate Henry E. Cooper to succeed himself for the position of First Judge of the First Circuit Court. Judge Cooper has made a record as a hard worker and conscientious judge that would be hard to surpass. It has always been a great pleasure for me to try a case before Judge Cooper and I am sure it has been so to other members of the bar. His legal ability needs no eulogium from me, and if the bar association is to continue its record of endorsing conscientious, able and faithful judges, the recommendation of Judge Cooper to succeed himself should be unanimously carried."

The resolution was seconded by A. M. Brown and was carried by a vote of 31 to 1.

It was then moved that the Bar Association cable its recommendations for judicial appointments to Attorney General McFay and President Woodrow Wilson. There was a very warm discussion of the propriety and advisability of this notifying Governor L. E. Pinkham of the action of the bar association.

When a motion was made to appoint a committee of three to notify Governor Pinkham of the action taken, Lorrin Andrews emphatically objected. Mr. Andrews said:

"Why is it considered necessary to appoint a committee to inform the Governor of the action taken by the bar association, when we have already called the president and the attorney general of the United States our recommendations, which is the usual practice of this association?"

"Why should we vary our practice by notifying the Governor, who, under the Organic Act, has nothing to do with the appointment of these judges?"

"We are not a political party looking to Governor Pinkham for favors. It seems to me more in keeping with the dignity of the bar association to deal directly with the authorities, who by law are charged with the duty of appointing these judges, than to defer to the Governor for his make of going to the Governor and good policy for the bar association to give the Governor notice of the action taken."

Not Adding Favors.

Mr. Andrews replied: "We are not a political party looking to Governor Pinkham for favors. It seems to me more in keeping with the dignity of the bar association to deal directly with the authorities, who by law are charged with the duty of appointing these judges, than to defer to the Governor for his make of going to the Governor and good policy for the bar association to give the Governor notice of the action taken."

As Mr. Withington has said, Senator Knox, when attorney general of the United States, had stated to this bar association that in the selection of judges in this Territory, he did not consider himself bound by any recommendation of a Governor as that was a matter exclusively for the bar association to recommend. We have had Governors here before. They have felt they had the right to ignore the recommendations of the bar association, but it seems to me that we should preserve our independence and not trouble to a man simply because he is holding a high executive position. As I have stated, the report of the committee they had called upon the Governor and presented our recommendations to him. And the Governor, without notifying the bar association or the members of the committee has proceeded through the public press to announce his nominations.

It seems to me that if we again send a committee to present him with further nominations, we would soon be in the position of the Democratic county committee, in courtship from him a slap in the face."

Will Notify Governor.

Robbins B. Anderson said, by all means give the Governor a chance to work with the bar association if he wanted to, and several others said that courtesy was due to the position if not to the man, that it did not follow that because the new Governor ignored the bar association or was discourteous to the organization that the association should show lack of courtesy in return.

Chairman Davis then appointed a committee consisting of William O. Smith, A. L. C. Atkinson and R. B. Anderson to wait upon the Governor and inform him officially of the action of the association.

Before adjourning Carlos A. Long and Henry B. Oelrichs were elected members of the association.

Those present at the meeting were: Messrs. Brown, Edging, Steinbeck, Quarles, Weaver, Peterson, Parke, Rawlins, Anderson, W. R. Castle, A. L. Castle, Hatch, Davis, Sutton, Judd, Douthitt, Coke, Lymer, Withington, Andrews, Atkinson, Prosser, Andrade, Marx, Smith, Lightfoot, Stanley, Schnack, Curry, Larnach and Greenwell.

Governor Not Worried.

"I have nothing to say," replied Governor Pinkham when asked if he had any statement to make in regard to the action and stand taken by the bar association.

"I am satisfied with what I have done and am sure that I have done what is right. The people are satisfied too. Further than this I have nothing to say."

SAFETY AT SEA IN CHARGE OF UNCLE SAM

Congress in Session in London Adopts American Wireless Systems as Standard and Votes to Have Carrying Out of Plans for Protecting Ships Directed by the United States.

LONDON, January 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—Work of the revision committee appointed by the International Congress on Safety at Sea, now assembled here, was practically completed Saturday when the congress approved the committee's report and accepted the American wireless systems as the standard to be used by vessels at sea. The foreign delegates voted with the Americans in reaching this decision.

Not only this, but the congress has voted to give control of the apparatus and the supervision of the operation to the United States. The employees are recommended to be employed and to work under the direction of the United States government.

By the agreement reached the private code signals of all nations are preserved intact.

London Spectator Says Pressure of World Will Soon Force Action in Mexico.

LONDON, January 3.—The Spectator, in an article today on the Mexican situation, declares that the pressure of public opinion in all the rest of the world soon will force the United States to intervene in Mexico. The article declares that President Wilson made a mistake in not assuming that President Huerta would be the strongest force with which to bring about peace in Mexico and in supporting him accordingly; but it adds that it understands perfectly the reasons why Mr. Wilson did not adopt such a course.

Alleged Mistake.

"Instead," the article says, "he did what, with all respect, we must say was the worst thing he could have done. He intervened and pretended not to be intervening; he deplored bloodshed and anarchy, and yet he would neither stop it himself nor let any one else do so." The only way left for the United States is for themselves to restore order in Mexico.

The Spectator declares that joint action by other powers with the United States in Mexico is impossible and that the United States will have to act alone or sacrifice the Monroe Doctrine, which it is not likely to do. The article says that it would provide rather an easy conquest for the United States, but that conquest would be succeeded by a demand for national independence and accompanied by rebellion. The rebellion also would be suppressed, but it would be followed by annexation to the United States of the northern states of Mexico and the independence of the remainder of the country under a treaty by which the Washington government would control Mexico's foreign relations.

The Spectator thinks even this condition would not last long and predicts that within fifty years one nation of 200,000,000 English-speaking people will extend from the Canadian border to the Panama Canal, with the exception of British Honduras.

Opinion Favors United States.

In conclusion the article says: "In spite of foolish American talk about English jealousy and do-fork-talk so idiotic that one cannot really be expected to deny it—the bulk of public opinion here will be heartily with the United States in their work of restoring order in Mexico. If they do their job well on the spot and if it is entrusted to Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood it certainly will be done well and wisely and in a truly liberal spirit—the English people will be not merely friendly in a diplomatic sense, but sincerely sympathetic. They will be proud of America's successful shouldering of this huge piece of the white man's burden."

O'SHAUGHNESSY NOT TO BE RECALLED

WASHINGTON, January 6.—State Department officials do not credit reports that "Charge O'Shaughnessy is to be recalled from Mexico City. At other officials here have not learned the conclusions reached at the conference between President Wilson and John Land at Pass Christian, Miss. It was pointed out today that Mr. O'Shaughnessy has had the indecorum of the department during which he has been head of the American embassy in the Mexican capital. It is believed here that the embassy in that city will not be closed. Despite the handicap under which Mr. O'Shaughnessy has been working, he has accomplished much in behalf of American and other foreign interests in Mexico, it is said.

Capt. Bradshaw, on the Yorktown, reported today that unrest continued in Ensenada. Rear Admiral Cowles, on the cruiser Pittsburgh, reported heavy firing at Mazatlan, but gave no information as to the outcome of the fighting. The cruiser Raleigh has left Mazatlan for Topolobampo.

Next year's sugar crop in Cuba is estimated at 4,600,000 tons, slightly less than this year, when a record was established.

FENNEL LANDS BLIND PIGGER WITH AID OF FEMALE IMPERSONATORS

(From Monday Advertiser.)

Tai Look, a local Chinese, was guilty of highly iniquitous conduct about midnight Saturday, which was the cause of his making an unwilling trip to the city jail. Being reluctant to avail himself of the quarters provided by the community, he was obliged to risk a deposit of some perfectly good bail money to insure his appearance on Monday morning. Tai Look, it is alleged, has been disseminating "bores" without a second's rest since the fall of the Malayan fall year, and has been in the knowledge of Inspector William F. Fennell, who immediately framed a little deal to catch the offender red-handed which required no little display of his athletic ability on the part of two of his trusty informers. One of these informers, effectively disguised in woman's attire, was escorted to the rest room shortly after midnight by the other member of the team, who was waiting for the arrival of another lady who was a member of the party. After a couple of drinks had been served, a flask of which was ordered and paid for, and at this psychological moment the "other lady" (Inspector Fennell) appeared on the scene and checked the poor, unsuspecting and badly disposed host.

Tai Look had little to say for himself, but it was quite evident from his demeanor that in future he would be more careful. He was taken to the police station and his license will be revoked for a period of six months.

A search of the premises after the arrest resulted in finding some marked coins which, it is alleged, were paid for the liquor sold. This money was found in the pocket of a pair of trousers found hanging on the wall.

HAS DONE HONOR

HAS DONE TO HEHEW RACE

VANCOUVER, January 3.—The elevation of Mr. S. D. Schultz to the bench of the county court of Vancouver, has given particular satisfaction to the members of the Hebrew congregations of this city, who appreciate the honor which has been conferred upon one of their co-religionists. The elevation of Judge Schultz to the bench marks the first time in the history of the Canadian courts that a member of the Hebrew race has been honored with a judgeship.

Says The American Patriot for December: At the request of our temperance forces in the Hawaiian Islands, through our legislative department at Washington, Senator Dorrans of North Dakota has introduced a bill to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in those islands in view of the embargo on federal legislation during the present extraordinary session of congress it has not been possible to make progress on this bill, but we expect to urge its consideration during the coming session. Hon. John G. Woudley, who is the special representative of the Hawaiian temperance interests, has been actively concerned in regard to this legislation.

(From Monday Advertiser.)

A reception will be given today at four o'clock at the residence of Chief Justice A. G. M. Robertson, Makiki and Dominick streets, in honor of the sixtieth birthday of his mother, Mrs. George S. Robertson, who was born in 1854. Mrs. Robertson is the widow of the late Justice George M. Robertson, who for many years was associate justice on the supreme bench of the Hawaiian Islands. She was born in Brighton, England, in 1824, and came to Hawaii with her husband in 1850. Up to a few years ago she took an active part in religious and charitable affairs in the Territory and was prominently identified with the Episcopal Church of Hawaii.

Mrs. Robertson, despite her years, is in the best of health and spirits and is looking forward with pleasure to meeting her old-time friends and recalling the pleasant memories of the past on this, her sixtieth birthday.

WHOOPIING COUGH.

When your child has whooping cough be careful to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as may be required. This remedy will also liquify the tough mucus and make it easier to expectorate. It has been used successfully in many epidemics and as it contains no narcotic or other injurious substances it is perfectly safe. For sale by all druggists. Benson Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

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CANNOT LOCATE LOST SUBMARINE

Dozen Torpedo Boats Spend Day in Fruitless Search Off Plymouth.

PLYMOUTH, England, January 19.—(By Associated Press Cable)—A dozen torpedo boats of the flotilla stationed here returned last night after spending the entire day from dawn to dark in soundings in an effort to find the location of the sunken submarine, which with its crew of sixteen officers and men has failed to rise since last Friday.

The efforts of the searchers proved futile and it is now believed that there is no hope for the rescue of the crew. Because of the fact that the submarine during its submerged practice runs generally covered considerable area there is much doubt now as to whether the lost vessel will ever be located.

ANOTHER ROYALIST PLOT IN PORTUGAL

VIGO, Spain, January 3.—A former official of the Portuguese political police, Homero Laurence, has made a sworn declaration before a notary here which is counterbalanced by several witnesses charging that the monarchist plot put down in Lisbon last October was organized by Childeas Sevoila, general commissary of police, with funds provided by the Portuguese government. The declaration adds that arms were bought and given to monarchists, whose confidence Sevoila had gained and that the monarchists were arrested when they entered Portugal.

DEPARTMENT COMES TO HARRISON'S DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, January 2.—Widely circulated reports that Governor General Harrison has been replacing many civil employees in the Philippines with Democrats from the United States led the war department to issue a statement today formally declaring that the new Governor has appointed only three Americans from the States to office. Those he has named are Stephen B. Hall, secretary to the Governor; John Hughes, captain of the Manila police, and Bernard Hestelin, collector of customs.

TANGO GETS THE GO-BY.

LONDON, January 2.—The tango has been given the go-by by the Damsel Club, which is migrating from the Carlton Hotel to the Ritz, being succeeded by Scotch reels and sword dances, which will be given with bagpipe accompaniment.

The tango, under the heading "The Dance of Moral Death," gives the view of a number of aristocratic hostesses who are condemning the tango. It says: "The tango is doomed, and is now wriggling wildly through its final contortions."

COMMANDER BROOKER LEAVES ALGERINE

VICTORIA, January 3.—When H. M. S. Algerine puts to sea next month for Mexican waters, she will have a new captain on the bridge. Captain Corbett has arrived at Esquimaux from England to succeed Captain Brooker, and will take over command at once.

The Algerine is at the naval yard, awaiting the arrival of a new propeller from Great Britain.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Brom